



DP03

Selected Economic Characteristics: 2009

2009 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

NOTE. Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

For more information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see Survey Methodology.

**Geography: Albuquerque city, New Mexico**

Selected Economic Characteristics	Number		Percent	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
<b>EMPLOYMENT STATUS</b>				
Population 16 years and over	414,825	+/-2,496	414,825	(X)
In labor force	277,971	+/-5,018	67.0%	+/-1.2
Civilian labor force	276,116	+/-5,041	66.6%	+/-1.2
Employed	256,220	+/-5,441	61.8%	+/-1.3
Unemployed	19,896	+/-2,850	4.8%	+/-0.7
Armed Forces	1,855	+/-632	0.4%	+/-0.2
Not in labor force	136,854	+/-4,931	33.0%	+/-1.2
Civilian labor force	276,116	+/-5,041	276,116	(X)
Percent Unemployed	7.2%	+/-1.0	(X)	(X)
Females 16 years and over	214,538	+/-2,437	214,538	(X)
In labor force	132,842	+/-3,546	61.9%	+/-1.5
Civilian labor force	132,615	+/-3,551	61.8%	+/-1.5
Employed	125,475	+/-3,668	58.5%	+/-1.6
Own children under 6 years	46,137	+/-2,019	46,137	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	28,394	+/-2,508	61.5%	+/-5.1
Own children 6 to 17 years	77,220	+/-2,877	77,220	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	56,975	+/-3,980	73.8%	+/-3.8
<b>COMMUTING TO WORK</b>				
Workers 16 years and over	253,664	+/-5,307	253,664	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	201,680	+/-5,229	79.5%	+/-1.5
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	25,923	+/-3,351	10.2%	+/-1.2
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	5,258	+/-1,121	2.1%	+/-0.4
Walked	3,981	+/-1,428	1.6%	+/-0.6
Other means	6,517	+/-1,367	2.6%	+/-0.5
Worked at home	10,305	+/-1,825	4.1%	+/-0.7
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	21.4	+/-0.7	(X)	(X)
<b>OCCUPATION</b>				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	256,220	+/-5,441	256,220	(X)
Management, professional, and related occupations	94,741	+/-5,357	37.0%	+/-2.0
Service occupations	52,614	+/-4,525	20.5%	+/-1.7
Sales and office occupations	66,942	+/-4,333	26.1%	+/-1.6
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	128	+/-189	0.0%	+/-0.1
Construction, extraction, maintenance, and repair occupations	22,138	+/-2,866	8.6%	+/-1.1
Production, transportation, and material moving occupations	19,657	+/-2,607	7.7%	+/-1.0
<b>INDUSTRY</b>				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	256,220	+/-5,441	256,220	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting, and mining	1,649	+/-766	0.6%	+/-0.3
Construction	17,737	+/-2,706	6.9%	+/-1.0
Manufacturing	15,436	+/-2,173	6.0%	+/-0.8

Selected Economic Characteristics	Number		Percent	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Wholesale trade	6,600	+/-1,348	2.6%	+/-0.5
Retail trade	27,077	+/-2,808	10.6%	+/-1.1
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities	10,973	+/-2,229	4.3%	+/-0.9
Information	6,963	+/-1,947	2.7%	+/-0.8
Finance and insurance, and real estate and rental and leasing	17,661	+/-2,373	6.9%	+/-0.9
Professional, scientific, and management, and administrative and waste management services	33,154	+/-3,083	12.9%	+/-1.2
Educational services, and health care and social assistance	59,874	+/-4,183	23.4%	+/-1.5
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and accommodation and food services	30,077	+/-3,563	11.7%	+/-1.4
Other services, except public administration	15,266	+/-2,344	6.0%	+/-0.9
Public administration	13,753	+/-2,131	5.4%	+/-0.9
CLASS OF WORKER				
Civilian employed population 16 years and over	256,220	+/-5,441	256,220	(X)
Private wage and salary workers	194,235	+/-6,053	75.8%	+/-1.4
Government workers	47,026	+/-3,184	18.4%	+/-1.2
Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers	14,437	+/-1,675	5.6%	+/-0.7
Unpaid family workers	522	+/-462	0.2%	+/-0.2
INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2009 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)				
Total households	217,353	+/-2,928	217,353	(X)
Less than \$10,000	21,088	+/-2,577	9.7%	+/-1.1
\$10,000 to \$14,999	11,774	+/-2,063	5.4%	+/-0.9
\$15,000 to \$24,999	25,872	+/-2,294	11.9%	+/-1.1
\$25,000 to \$34,999	25,456	+/-2,977	11.7%	+/-1.4
\$35,000 to \$49,999	35,224	+/-2,892	16.2%	+/-1.3
\$50,000 to \$74,999	40,795	+/-3,433	18.8%	+/-1.6
\$75,000 to \$99,999	23,716	+/-2,046	10.9%	+/-0.9
\$100,000 to \$149,999	21,650	+/-2,063	10.0%	+/-1.0
\$150,000 to \$199,999	7,116	+/-1,084	3.3%	+/-0.5
\$200,000 or more	4,662	+/-1,002	2.1%	+/-0.5
Median household income (dollars)	44,594	+/-1,514	(X)	(X)
Mean household income (dollars)	58,529	+/-1,602	(X)	(X)
With earnings	173,424	+/-3,906	79.8%	+/-1.3
Mean earnings (dollars)	58,543	+/-1,774	(X)	(X)
With Social Security	52,194	+/-2,704	24.0%	+/-1.2
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	14,309	+/-574	(X)	(X)
With retirement income	37,004	+/-2,240	17.0%	+/-1.0
Mean retirement income (dollars)	23,955	+/-1,558	(X)	(X)
With Supplemental Security Income	6,357	+/-1,307	2.9%	+/-0.6
Mean Supplemental Security Income (dollars)	7,549	+/-774	(X)	(X)
With cash public assistance income	5,398	+/-1,238	2.5%	+/-0.6
Mean cash public assistance income (dollars)	3,711	+/-988	(X)	(X)
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the past 12 months	22,715	+/-2,563	10.5%	+/-1.1
Families	130,876	+/-3,758	130,876	(X)
Less than \$10,000	8,812	+/-1,522	6.7%	+/-1.1
\$10,000 to \$14,999	4,653	+/-1,413	3.6%	+/-1.1
\$15,000 to \$24,999	12,065	+/-1,859	9.2%	+/-1.4
\$25,000 to \$34,999	13,335	+/-2,435	10.2%	+/-1.9
\$35,000 to \$49,999	20,860	+/-2,475	15.9%	+/-1.8
\$50,000 to \$74,999	27,414	+/-2,860	20.9%	+/-1.9
\$75,000 to \$99,999	16,273	+/-1,645	12.4%	+/-1.3
\$100,000 to \$149,999	17,551	+/-1,748	13.4%	+/-1.4
\$150,000 to \$199,999	5,831	+/-1,035	4.5%	+/-0.8
\$200,000 or more	4,082	+/-856	3.1%	+/-0.6
Median family income (dollars)	54,819	+/-1,851	(X)	(X)
Mean family income (dollars)	69,011	+/-2,294	(X)	(X)
Per capita income (dollars)	24,597	+/-691	(X)	(X)
Nonfamily households	86,477	+/-4,059	86,477	(X)

Selected Economic Characteristics	Number		Percent	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	31,306	+/-1,952	(X)	(X)
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	39,755	+/-2,190	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	26,777	+/-1,012	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for male full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	41,038	+/-1,753	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for female full-time, year-round workers (dollars)	34,130	+/-1,841	(X)	(X)
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE				
Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population	524,583	+/-1,757	524,583	(X)
With health insurance coverage	432,254	+/-7,921	82.4%	+/-1.4
With private health insurance coverage	324,384	+/-9,394	61.8%	+/-1.8
With public health coverage	163,418	+/-7,773	31.2%	+/-1.4
No health insurance coverage	92,329	+/-7,315	17.6%	+/-1.4
Civilian Noninstitutionalized Population Under 18 years	128,100	+/-2,323	128,100	(X)
No health insurance coverage	11,158	+/-2,913	8.7%	+/-2.2
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND PEOPLE WHOSE INCOME IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS IS BELOW THE POVERTY LEVEL				
All families	12.3%	+/-1.6	(X)	(X)
With related children under 18 years	19.7%	+/-2.8	(X)	(X)
With related children under 5 years only	15.3%	+/-5.8	(X)	(X)
Married couple families	6.1%	+/-1.5	(X)	(X)
With related children under 18 years	9.5%	+/-3.0	(X)	(X)
With related children under 5 years only	6.9%	+/-5.4	(X)	(X)
Families with female householder, no husband present	27.8%	+/-4.5	(X)	(X)
With related children under 18 years	37.6%	+/-5.9	(X)	(X)
With related children under 5 years only	36.8%	+/-16.5	(X)	(X)
All people	16.6%	+/-1.7	(X)	(X)
Under 18 years	23.5%	+/-3.9	(X)	(X)
Related children under 18 years	23.3%	+/-3.9	(X)	(X)
Related children under 5 years	26.2%	+/-5.5	(X)	(X)
Related children 5 to 17 years	22.0%	+/-4.1	(X)	(X)
18 years and over	14.4%	+/-1.3	(X)	(X)
18 to 64 years	15.0%	+/-1.5	(X)	(X)
65 years and over	10.8%	+/-2.2	(X)	(X)
People in families	14.0%	+/-2.1	(X)	(X)
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	25.0%	+/-2.4	(X)	(X)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009 American Community Survey

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Notes:

Â-Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.

Â-Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

Â-The Census Bureau introduced an improved sequence of labor force questions in the 2008 ACS questionnaire. Accordingly, we recommend using caution when making labor force data comparisons from 2008 or later with data from prior years. For more information on these questions and their evaluation in the 2006 ACS Content Test, see the "Evaluation Report Covering Employment Status" at [http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/methodology/content\\_test/P6a\\_Employment\\_Status.pdf](http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/methodology/content_test/P6a_Employment_Status.pdf), and the "Evaluation Report Covering Weeks Worked" at [http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/methodology/content\\_test/P6b\\_Weeks\\_Worked\\_Final\\_Report.pdf](http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/methodology/content_test/P6b_Weeks_Worked_Final_Report.pdf). Additional information can also be found at <http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/laborfor/laborforce.html>.

Â-Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2000.

Â-Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are based on the North American Industry Classification System 2007. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies," issued by the Office of Management and Budget.

Â-Selected earnings and income data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with group quarters data collection and imputation. See the ACS User Notes for details.

Â-Logical coverage edits applying a rules-based assignment of Medicaid, Medicare and military health coverage were added in 2009 --

please see [http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/publications/coverage\\_edits\\_final.pdf](http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/hlthins/publications/coverage_edits_final.pdf) for more details.

• While the 2009 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the November 2008 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

• Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

#### Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.